Case 8

Question 1 (written by Joe Edwards)

A patient presents to their GP having noticed a red swollen area on their right leg, following a minor injury involving a thorn few days previously. The patient has no systemic symptoms and the open wound from the thorn is partially healed.

The patient is overweight and has type 2 diabetes. The patient's leg is shown in **FIGURE 3**.



FIGURE 3

The doctor suspects an infection of the skin, and on examination decides that the infection is probably cellulitis rather than erysipelas.

a)	Using FIGURE 3 and the information provided, justify the doctor's opinion infection is likely cellulitis rather than erysipelas.			
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The doctor prescribes flucloxacillin for the patient's infection but decides to take a skin swab of the open wound to send for susceptibility testing, the results of which are shown below on **FIGURE 4.**

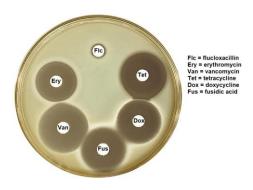


FIGURE 4

b	State the type of antibiotic susceptibility testing shown on FIG	URE 4 . [1]
c	List three factors, other than antibiotic susceptibility testing, w for the GP to consider when deciding which antibiotics to pres	•

Question 2 (written by Joe Edwards)

A patient with longstanding atopic dermatitis presents to a dermatology outpatients clinic concerned worsening lesions on the skin. **FIGURE 5** of the patient's inner elbow is shown below.



FIGURE 5

The patient reports being embarrassed by the lesion and feeling systemically unwell for the last 2 days, with a fever and worsening fatigue.

a)	Describe the biopsychological impact of living with skin disease.	[3]
b) aetiolo	State the complication this patient has presented with, and suggest the ogical agent.	
		[2]



presentation of this skin disease.	e normai	
procentation of the standards.	[2]	
d) Sugest the next step the dermatologist should take to manage this complication.		
Compileation.	[1]	



Question 3 (written by Rehaan Khokar)

During an investigation, 0.5cm of a 1 in 10,000 diluted liquid culture of *bacillus cereus* was transferred onto agar plates containing different concentrations of antibiotics. After two days, the number of bacterial colonies were counted.

Concentration of	Number of colonies of bacillus cereus			
antibiotic / arbitrary units	Flucloxacillin	Lymecycline	Piperacillin- Tazobactam	
0	300	300	300	
5	0	290	300	
10	0	195	295	
15	0	0	275	
20	0	0	240	

TABLE 1

a) Calculate the number of *bacillus cereus* bacteria present in 1cm³ of the undiluted liquid culture.

[2]

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Answer =	:		

